

Product Overview

AVA's VIYY homogeneous sheet vinyl collection is a single-layer construction that provides superior stain and scratch resistance that meets the needs of heavy commercial installations. VIYY's on-trend color palette meets

the design needs for healthcare, education, and general commercial environments. VIYY can be installed to provide a seamless finished floor with its matching weld beads which makes it the ideal solution for surgical operating

suites, patient rooms and treatment areas, and sterile processing areas in healthcare environments.

Product Information

Overall Thickness:	2.0mm
Product Type:	Glue Down Homogeneous Sheet Vinyl (HOSV)
Dimensions:	78.75 ft. x 68.58 ft. (20.9 m x 2.0 m)
Finish:	AMP Polyurethane Coating
Surface:	Smooth
Residential Warranty:	Lifetime
Heavy Commercial Warranty:	12 Years
Roll Quantity:	50 sq. yd.
Roll Weight:	282.9 lbs.
Rolls / Pallet:	6 Rolls (225.03 sq.ft. per roll – 78.75" x 68.58")
Pallet Weight:	3,500 lbs.

Technical Information

Product Construction Code:	KR HOSV 2.0mm (LU)
ASTM F1913 - Sheet Vinyl Covering Without Backing:	Passes
ASTM F386 – Overall Thickness:	Passes, min 0.075" (1.9 mm)
ASTM F1914 - Residual Indentation:	Passes, ≤ 0.007" (0.18 mm)
ASTM F970 - Static Load:	Passes, ≤ 0.005" (0.13 mm) at 250 lbs.
ASTM F137 - Flexibility:	Passes, no crack/break with 1.5" (38 mm) mandrel
ASTM F925 - Chemical Resistance:	Passes, ≤ 1 (Slight Change)
ASTM F1514 - Resistance to Heat:	Passes, < ΔE 8
ASTM F1515 - Resistance to Light:	Passes, < ΔE 8
ASTM E648 (NFPA 253) - Critical Radiant Flux:	Passes, Class 1, > 0.45 W/cm²
ASTM E662 (NFPA 258) - Smoke Density:	Passes, < 450
ASTM D2047 -Static Coefficient of Friction:	Passes, > 0.5 SCOF (no ramps)

Disclaimer: All unit values presented herein represent standard specification values. Values shown in parentheses are mathematical conversions provided solely for informational purposes and are not recognized as standard. Results were independently tested, using material from standard production, in accordance with product specific standard test methods. Physical and performance testing may vary, within tolerances, depending on the testing apparatus and/or production lot used. Be sure to use the most recently published versions of all reference documents, specifications, and test methods.

Installation Instructions

Important Information: The current version of all associated technical documents, including technical data sheets, installation instructions, maintenance guides and warranties (especially exclusions), must be read, understood and followed prior to and during installation. For a complete list of suitable applications and installation environments, refer to the Material Usage Guide. For guidance regarding wet areas, please see all applicable technical bulletins. Ensure that all subfloor and substrate preparation, including any required moisture testing, has been completed, reviewed, and understood by all involved parties before installation. Do not proceed until all conditions are met. **Site-related issues, such as those caused by substrate, installation, and site-conditions, are not covered under warranty.**

Do not install outside or expose the flooring to direct sunlight, prolonged UV/IR radiation or high heat sources, such as self-cleaning ovens, as these can lead to fading, damage, or excessive product movement. Avoid installing in areas where sharp or pointed footwear or objects (such as stiletto heels or cleats) may be present, as they may damage the product. Do not use rubber wheels, rubber casters, or rubber-backed mats directly on the flooring, as they may cause permanent stains. Allow all other trades to complete their work before installation begins. All ASTM standards referenced in this document can be purchased at www.astm.org.

Warning: All local, state, and federal regulations must be followed - this includes the removal of in-place asbestos flooring and adhesive and lead-containing materials. When appropriate, follow the Resilient Floor Covering Institute's (RFCI) Recommended Work Practice for Removal of Existing Floor Covering and Adhesive. Do not use solvent or citrus-based adhesive removers. Follow all Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) guidance regarding exposure limits for respirable crystalline silica. Always wear safety glasses and use respiratory protection or other safeguards to avoid inhaling any dust. All liquid spills must be cleaned promptly - allow the floor covering to dry before allowing foot traffic.

Heat-Weld Rod: Matching 4 mm vinyl heat-weld rod is available for all VIYY colors. For more information, contact a sales agent or e-mail sales@avaflor.com for more information.

Receiving Material & Initial Storage: The floor covering and accessories must be stored in dry indoors conditions between 40°F to 90°F (4°C to 32°C). Do not store outside, even in containers, and do not stack pallets. Remove all the plastic and strapping from the product after delivery. Store rolls in an upright position, do not lay them flat for extended periods. Ensure materials are properly secured to prevent tipping or falling hazards. Confirm that the flooring product, color, and quantity are correct. Carefully check all materials for shipping damage and note all damage on the bill of lading before accepting the delivery. **Material accepted with visible shipping damage that is not reported on the bill of lading**

is not covered under warranty.

Check all product lot numbers: If more than one lot is onsite, mark the pallets or rolls of each lot to ease identification and lot management. While mixing materials from different lots will not affect performance, it may lead to noticeable visual differences in shade or texture. As such, ensure differing lots are installed in separate areas. If mixing lots is intended, compare the different lots under various lighting conditions before installation and ensure customer approval. **Observable visual variations due to mixing production lots are not covered under warranty.**

Recommended Tool List:

- ▶ Safety Glasses
- ▶ Safety Shoes
- ▶ Dust Mask
- ▶ Cut-Resistant Gloves
- ▶ Knee Pads
- ▶ HEPA-Filtered Vacuum
- ▶ 6-foot and 1-foot Straight Edge or Level
- ▶ Utility Knife with New Blades
- ▶ Tape Measure
- ▶ Pencil
- ▶ Selvedge Edge Trimmer
- ▶ Metal Straight Edge (seam cutting)
- ▶ Chalk Marking Line
- ▶ Non-Contact Infrared Thermometer
- ▶ 1/32 x 1/16 x 5/64 U-notch (WHA) Adhesive Trowels or Blades
- ▶ 100 lb. Three Section Roller
- ▶ Oscillating Multi-Tool or Hand Saw (for door jambs)
- ▶ Appropriate Substrate Preparation Tools

Approved Adhesives:

- ▶ **Novalis NV-GLU+** See specific instructions for Operating Rooms
- ▶ **MA 2000 Spray Adhesive** Not for use in Operating Rooms.

NV-GLU+ is available in 1-gallon and 4-gallon units, with the expected coverage rate of 225 – 250 sq. ft. per gallon when using a 1/32 x 1/16 x 5/64 U-notch trowel (WHA), depending on the substrate and trowel angle. Replace trowels after every 4-gallons to ensure an even coverage - do not re-notch trowels.

These instructions are specifically for NV-GLU+ and Novalis Approved Adhesives ONLY and shall not to be used with any other adhesives. Using an unapproved adhesive may allow flooring to curl, indenting or displacement of the adhesive, which will not be covered under warranty.

Documentation: Record and/or photograph all site conditions, test results, and corrective measures taken. All relevant pre-installation documentation, as well as associated product sales invoices, shop drawings and/or project information, must be stored for the entire warranty period. In the unlikely event of a claim, these documents may be required to identify the product and validate compliance with all associated technical documents. A wireless, cloud-based monitoring system is recommended to monitor and track site conditions, especially when the site is unoccupied and/or permanent HVAC is not operational.

Substrate Flatness: All substrates must be checked for flatness prior to installation. Substrates should have a maximum flatness deviation of 1/8 inch (3.18 mm) over 6-feet (1.83m), and/or 1/32 inch (0.8 mm) over 1-foot (305 mm), when measured using an industry-recognized method. All substrates that do not meet this requirement should be corrected using a suitable repair product prior to installation. Failure to correct flatness issues may affect the warranty – be sure to get customer or end-user acceptance or approval prior to installation.

Concrete Moisture Requirements:

- **NV-GLU+:**

Above-grade: All concrete surfaces must be visibly dry prior to and during installation and have no addition ingress of water from pipes, roof, or similar.

On and/or Below-grade: All concrete substrates that are in direct contact with ground must be visibly dry and comply with one of the following options prior to installation.

Concrete must have a **confirmed**, effective **vapor retarder** installed directly beneath the slab, which is compliant with ASTM E1745 Standard Specification for Plastic Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill under Concrete Slab, or

Concrete must be tested for relative humidity within 3-weeks of flooring installation, following the ASTM F2170 Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs Using in situ Probes. **ASTM F2170 test results must not exceed 90% RH, or**

Install a surface applied **concrete moisture mitigation system** that complies with ASTM F3513 Standard Practice for Single Component, Fluid-Applied Membrane-Forming Moisture Mitigation Systems for Use Under Resilient Floor Coverings, or ASTM F3010 Standard Practice for Two-Component Resin Based Membrane-Forming Moisture Mitigation Systems for Use Under Resilient Floor Coverings, following the product manufacturer's instructions.

Labor costs associated with unapproved third-party materials will not be covered under warranty.

- **MA 2000 Spray Adhesive:**

Not for use in Operating Rooms.

For confirmation of moisture limitations and proper use of MA 2000 spray adhesive, consult the manufacturer's instructions and technical data sheet (TDS).

Concrete Substrate & Subfloor Preparation: All concrete must be at least 28 days old, structurally sound, stable with a minimum compressive strength of ≥ 3000 PSI prior to installation. The concrete must be clean, dry, and free of contaminants, such as dust, residual adhesives, solvents, wax, oil, grease, mold, mildew, asphalt, and visible alkaline salts prior to installation to ensure proper adhesion and long-term performance. If site conditions are inadequate or if there is any evidence of water, hydrostatic pressure, or previous use of chemical adhesive removers, do not proceed with the installation and contact the Novalis technical department for guidance.

To treat dormant construction joints and cracks, first remove all debris, dust, and dirt from the cracks. Next, fill cracks with a rigid crack treatment designed for construction joints, ensuring the surface is troweled flush with the surrounding concrete. Use an appropriate expansion joint covering system over all expansion joints to manage concrete expansion and contraction.

Smooth, highly finished, or burnished surfaces shall be primed using a manufacturer-recommended product, following the manufacturer's instructions, and product limitations. If needed, flatten or smooth the surface with a moisture-resistant, commercial-grade leveling or patching compound, following the product manufacturer's instructions.

All Operating Rooms shall be primed regardless of the substrate surface condition. Additionally, the subfloor directly beneath the operating table(s) shall be smoothed using a moisture-resistant, commercial-grade leveling or patching compound, following the product manufacturer's instructions.

Gypsum or Lightweight Substrate Requirements:

Lightweight or gypsum substrate must be dry as per the product manufacturer's specifications and have a minimum compressive strength of 2000 PSI when installed over wood, or 3000 PSI when installed over concrete. The substrate must be installed and prepared in accordance with the ASTM F2471 Standard Practice for Installation of Thick Poured Lightweight Cellular Concrete Underlayments and Preparation of the Surface to Receive Resilient Flooring or the ASTM F2419 Standard Practice for Installation of Thick Poured Gypsum Concrete Underlayments and Preparation of the Surface to Receive Resilient Flooring, respectively. Substrates must be firmly bonded to a structurally sound subfloor. Any cracked or damaged areas must be removed and repaired using a compatible repair product.

Gypsum surfaces **shall be primed** using a manufacturer-recommended product, following the manufacturer's instructions, and all moisture limitations. Any flattening or smoothing, which must be performed with a moisture-resistant, commercial-grade leveling or patching compound,

following the product manufacturer's instructions.

Wood Substrate & Subfloors Requirements: All wood substrates must be structurally sound, stable, and free from deflection, movement, or instability. Sleepers and sleeper systems must not make direct contact with concrete foundations. The moisture content percentage (MC-%) of the wood must also meet the requirements for the specific region to ensure proper performance, stability, and durability. Wood subfloors and substrates must be compliant with and, if necessary, prepared in accordance with ASTM F1482 Standard Practice for Installation and Preparation of Panel Type Underlayments to Receive Resilient Flooring. Wood substrates must consist of a double-layer construction with a recommended total thickness of at least 1 inch, adhering to all local, state, and federal building codes. For standard installations, the top layer must be American Plywood Association (APA) rated underlayment grade plywood or an equivalent material, with a minimum thickness of 1/4 inch. The plywood must be fully acclimated, smooth, free of knots or voids, and fully sanded. When floors may be subjected to moisture, use an APA-rated exterior grade plywood or an equivalent material.

Resinous Coating Requirements: When installing directly over resinous coatings, such as epoxy coating or a moisture mitigation system, ensure the coating is clean, free of contamination, structurally sound, smooth, dry, and properly cured according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Polished, highly finished, or burnished surfaces shall be primed using a manufacturer-recommended product, following the manufacturer's instructions, and all moisture limitations.

Metal Substrate Requirements: Metal substrates must be clean, dry, structurally sound smooth and free of oil, rust, and/or oxidation. When the area may be subject to topical water, moisture and/or high humidity, an anti-corrosive coating should be applied to protect the metal substrate. Contact a local paint or coating supplier for coating recommendations.

Polished, highly finished, or burnished surfaces shall be primed using a manufacturer-recommended product, following the manufacturer's instructions, and all moisture limitations.

Other Subfloors & Substrates: Installing over existing resilient vinyl flooring is not recommended. However, it may be possible over some materials, such as vinyl composition tile (VCT), quartz tile, solid vinyl tile, sheet vinyl or linoleum, as well as existing hard surface flooring substrates, such as terrazzo, porcelain or ceramic tile. Ensure the subfloor is dry, existing flooring is clean, dry, sound, solid and well adhered. All loose material must be removed and repaired or replaced. All imperfections must be flattened and smoothed with a suitable repair product. Electing to install over existing floor covering releases the manufacturer from all liability related to suitability and continued performance of the existing product, including all subsequent effects on the new floor covering.

Polished, highly finished, or burnished surfaces shall be primed

using a manufacturer-recommended product, following the manufacturer's instructions, and all moisture limitations.

Radiant Heating Requirements: When installing flooring over a substrate that contains a radiant heating system, ensure that none of the heating elements make direct contact with the flooring material. Ensure radiant heat is no higher than 70° F (21° C) 8-hours prior to and during the entire installation. After installation, the radiant heat may gradually be increased over the course of 24 hours, until normal operating temperature is reached. Ensure the temperature of the radiant heating system does not exceed 85° F (29.5° C) and avoid making abrupt changes in radiant heating temperature.

Sound Control Substrates: Additional sound control underlayments shall not be used under this floor covering. **Labor costs associated with unapproved third-party materials will not be covered under warranty.**

Unsuitable Substrates: These include but are not limited to: Floating or loose floor coverings, vinyl asbestos tile (VAT), hardwood, carpet, cushioned vinyl, rubber, cork, foam, asphalt tile, additional acoustical underlayments and any subfloor with visible mold, mildew, or fungi and any subfloor in wet areas, such as inside showers and saunas. Do not install over substrates that have been coated with a varnish or an oil-based, enamel, paint, primer, primer-sealer, or stain-blocker. Do not install over any substrate made of Masonite™, chipboard, wafer board, fiberboard, particleboard, construction-grade plywood, CDX, OSB (including AdvanTech™), Lauan, cement board or any non-underlayment grade panels – if present, cover with an APA-rated underlayment-grade plywood. Do not use pressure-treated plywood. If using fire-retardant plywood, confirm adhesion using the Mat Bond Evaluation detailed below. Do not install directly over any adhesive or adhesive residue of any kind. Do not install in recreation vehicles, campers, boats. If installing in fully enclosed and weatherproof three-season rooms, sunrooms and other areas that do not comply with the Site Conditions, contact the technical department for specific instructions before proceeding. **Issues related to unsuitable substrates or subfloors are not covered under the warranty.**

Mat Bond Evaluation: If the compatibility of an otherwise suitable substrate or any other product is in question, perform a mat bond evaluation following the ASTM F3311 Standard Practice for Evaluation of Performance and Compatibility for Resilient Flooring System Components Prior to Installation. Do not continue until compatibility is confirmed.

Site Conditions: The prepared installation area must be fully enclosed and weatherproof. Maintain steady site conditions (within ± 5°F) using an HVAC system set to the normal, post-installation operating temperature and humidity conditions (In-Service Conditions) for at least 48 hours before, during, and 48 hours after installation. In-Service Conditions must be between 60°F (16°C) and 80°F (27°C) and between 35% and 65% relative humidity. Additionally, In-Service Conditions must be ≥ 10°F above dew point. Once all required site-conditions are met,

the flooring product may be delivered to the installation area in its original packaging with all labels intact. During installation, block any direct sunlight using window treatments or other protective methods.

Failure to meet the site condition requirements may impact adhesive performance. If the required conditions cannot be met, contact the technical department for specific instructions before proceeding.

Product Acclimation: Store rolls in an upright position, do not lay them flat for extended periods. Ensure materials are properly secured to prevent tipping or falling hazards in the required site-conditions.

Before installation, confirm that the flooring is acclimated to within $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$ of the in-service conditions using a non-contact infrared (IR) thermometer. If these conditions are not met, delay the installation until the flooring temperature is within the acceptable ranges.

Layout: Prior to installation, confirm the installation pattern, direction and seam location per the design specifications or work order.

If the installation requires more than one roll of flooring, use rolls from the same lot number in consecutive roll number order.

General Preparation: Undercutting all wooden door jambs, using an Oscillating Multi-Tool, is recommended. Ensuring the door jamb cut height matches the thickness of the floor covering. Thoroughly clean the area with a HEPA-filtered vacuum, scrubber dryer, or if permitted, a suitable walk behind sweeper, prior to flooring installation.

Inspect all material prior to and during installation to verify that there are no visible defects, damage, excessive shading, and sheen variations. If there are concerns regarding defects, do not install material and consult a sales or technical representative.

Labor and associated costs with materials installed with obvious visual defects and/or mixing production lots are not covered under warranty.

Starting Line: Measure, calculate and mark the center of the installation at each end with a pencil, then calculate the width of the last sheet. If the width of the last sheet is less than 3-ft., adjust the center marks by 3-ft. to compensate. Using the center marks as a guide, snap a chalk line to mark the area's starting line.

Dry-Lay Procedure: Using the starting line as a reference, dry-lay and rough-cut sheets from the roll, allowing for 3 - 6-in. of excess material on all sides, including any required flash coving. The material should be laid out and installed in sequence, based on the numbering of each roll. Overlap each seam by at least 3/4 in.. Make relief cuts as necessary to avoid rips or tears in the flooring. Do not pre-cut the last sheet, in case positional adjustments are required during installation. Material from the center of the roll may have roll memory once unrolled - back-

roll the affected material to ensure the material will lay flat.

For large areas, only the first sheet can be flush-cut to the perimeter. If cross-seams are required, stagger each cross-seam by at least 3 - 4-ft., depending on room size and sheet length.

Seam Trimming & Cutting: To prepare seams, trim the edge of one sheet using a utility knife and a straight edge or a seldedge edge trimmer. Ensure the trimmed edges overlay the untrimmed edges. Check alignment and adjust if necessary.

Using the trimmed edge as a guide, place a straight edge on top and flush with the trimmed edge and trim the lower sheet using a utility knife. Once each edge is trimmed, remove all scraps and check the seam. Repeat the process for the remaining seams.

Note: Under-scribing tools are typically not recommended.

Adhesive Application: Carefully pull back half of the material from one side of the installation to expose and clean the substrate prior to the adhesive application. When necessary, use weights to prevent the material from moving during the application and open time of the adhesive. **Avoid creasing and/or damaging the material.**

Apply the adhesive "**slowly**" and evenly to the substrate using a 1/32 x 1/16 x 5/64 U-notch (WHA) adhesive trowel at a $\sim 45^{\circ}$ angle. Avoid skips, puddles or sharp trowel turns. Allow the appropriate open time for the adhesive - trowel ridges should still be pliable and tacky when pressed, with slight adhesive transfer to fingertips ($\sim 15 - 30$ minutes, depending on substrate and site conditions). Only apply adhesive that can be covered within the working time (up to 4 hours, depending on substrate and site conditions). If adhesive ridges are firm and there's no transfer to fingertips, do not install flooring and contact the technical department.

NOTE - Operating Rooms: The flooring being installed directly beneath operating tables shall be placed into the adhesive bed first and while the NV-GLU+ is still very-slightly damp. This will provide additional vertical peel strength of the adhesive, which is required to protect the bond during operations.

Carefully install the material into the adhesive and avoid trapping air between the adhesive and material. Leave approximately a 1/64-in. (0.4-mm) gap between sheets for the heat welding grooving tool wheel to follow. **Exceeding this width can cause seam integrity and bond strength issues.**

Within the working time of the adhesive, roll the installed flooring slowly, first width then length, using a 100 lb. three-section roller. Immediately remove any trapped air using a cork board of similar. Re-roll material 30-60 minutes after the initial roll. Failure to roll correctly may result in issues that are not covered under warranty. Remove any wet adhesive from the surface of the flooring immediately using a damp, clean cloth.

Once the first half of the installation has been installed and rolled, proceed with pulling back the second half of the

material. Ensure the adhesive is applied flush to the first half of the installation with no adhesive overlap.

FLASH-COVE INSTALLATION

When requested or required, sheet vinyl can be flash coved ≤ 6 -in. up the wall. Flash-coving should only be attempted by experienced and/or properly trained installers. To protect the edge of the flooring and provide support for the cove, install an appropriate cove cap and cove stick ($\geq 1 \frac{1}{8}$ -in. radius) according to the manufacturer's instructions. Ensure the cove stick is mitered at all corners and cut back at all doorways to provide a smooth transition.

While forming material to the desired radius, measure and cut the edge to meet the cove cap, ensuring material is snug and makes full contact with the cove stick. If the flash cove does not make full contact with the cove stick, the material could become damaged over time.

Pre-cut all complicated pieces prior to spreading adhesive. Use the Boot or Butterfly method for creating outside corners. The boot should extend back onto the least visible wall at least several inches from the corner. When cutting, avoid damaging all adjacent floor covering and creasing any folded back material.

HEAT-WELDING INSTRUCTIONS

Ensure that the adhesive has cured for ≥ 8 -hours after installation prior to exposing to high heat equipment. All seams must be heat welded according to ASTM F1516. Welding should be performed with a hot air welding gun set to 600- 650° F (315-350° C), using a 4 mm weld rod speed nozzle with a narrow heel. Prior to heat-welding, perform a test welding on scrap material that is bonded to a substrate, to ensure the temperature and speed of the welding gun are correct. Note: The temperature and speed will vary depending on the welding gun used and length of power cables used.

Ensure all seams are free of adhesive, dust, dirt, debris and contamination. Set the groove depth of the electric groover or hand groover to 2/3rds of the total thickness of the material, to create a $\sim 1/8$ -in. (3.5-mm) wide groove. Test the groover on scrap material to ensure the proper depth is achieved. The groover should evenly remove the same amount from each edge. Hand-grooving may be required near walls, fixtures and other vertical surfaces or while flash-coving. Replace blades as necessary to ensure a clean groove. Remove all loose pieces of flooring, dirt and debris from the groove prior to welding.

Once the speed and temperature are confirmed, weld each seam, ensuring the nozzle is directly over the groove and that the weld flow or wash is present on both sides of the seam - avoid leaning the nozzle to one side. Immediately trim the weld

using a quarter-moon spatula knife and trim plate or a Mozart trimming knife with a 0.7 mm spacer. Do not allow foot traffic or perform a final trim until the seam has completely cooled (≥ 15 minutes).

Once cooled, use a clean quarter-moon spatula knife with a clean trim plate or a Mozart trimming knife without the spacer to finish trimming the weld. The finished weld must be smooth and flush with the surface of the floor covering.

The weld may be glazed after the final trim to reduce maintenance. To glaze the weld, use a hot air welding gun to melt the surface of the trimmed weld rod until glossy, then allow it to cool. While glazing, do not touch the flooring or weld with the hot nozzle and avoid product damage. Document finished welds via photograph or video to confirm proper completion.

Post-Installation: Visually inspect the installation and do not allow heavy foot traffic or rolling loads for at least 12-hours after installation. Remove any dried adhesive from the surface of the flooring using 70% Isopropyl Alcohol and a clean cloth. Do not use hydrocarbons, paint thinner, acetone, harsh and/or hazardous chemicals, or abrasive cleaning pads. Take photographs and have any required documentation signed and filed following completion. Do not slide or drag heavy objects across the floor. If required, protect the flooring with protective boards, such as Masonite, Ram Board, or Plywood to prevent any damage.

Do not place, slide, drag heavy objects across the floor. When moving appliances, heavy furniture, or equipment, protect the flooring with appropriate, hard surface furniture sliders or 1/2" plywood. Casters, glides and feet of all furniture or equipment must have a flat contact point that is at least 1 sq. in. or 1.125 in. in diameter to limit indentation and flooring or finish damage. To avoid maintenance-related issues, do not use nylon/hard plastic wheels, glides, or casters. Prior to final use, ensure the customer reviews the Floor Protection & Maintenance document.

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY. PLEASE CAREFULLY REVIEW ALL ASSOCIATED TECHNICAL DATA SHEETS, SAFETY DATA SHEETS, MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTS AND WARRANTY INFORMATION PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.